1998, 10.30 1998-510483 (H195817-310483) 12000.02.201 1905. 120		2000-426247/37 A35 M13 KIZA- 1998.10.30 *IP 2000144439-A KIZAI KK	A(11-C4B) M(13-B)
electroless deposition C2000-129683 NOVELTY Method comprises following three processes, a; the surface of nonconductive material is activated with the agent containing (noble metal/stannous salt) colloidal sol, b; the material is dipped into the electroless deposition solution containing one of formic acid, its salts, and alcohol as reducing agent and catalytic metal is electroless deposition solution containing one of formic acid, its salts, and alcohol as reducing agent and catalytic metal is electroless deposited or plated. USE Used for plating non-conductors. ADVANTAGE This method is able to plate non-conductors without using hazardous formaldehyde or hypo-phosphorus acid.	A	1998.10.30 1998-31048/(+1998JP-51048/) (2000.05.20) C25C 16/56, 18/18, C25D 5/54, C23C 18/32	TO A NADI EI
NOVELTY Method comprises following three processes, a; the surface of nonconductive material is activated with the agent containing (noble metal/stannous salt) colloidal sol, b; the material is dipped into the electroless deposition solution containing one of formic acid, its salts, and alcohol as reducing agent and catalytic metal ion to give the material electric conductivity, and c; the material is electroless deposited or plated. USE USE USE Used for plating non-conductors. ADVANTAGE This method is able to plate non-conductors without using hazardous formaldehyde or hypo-phosphorus acid.		Method of plating non-conductors and hydra compositions for electroless deposition C2000-129683	An ABS resin plate (thickness=3mm) was degreased, etched and rinsed, treated with the solution (1 liter) containing 100 ml of 35 %
USE Used for plating non-conductors. ADVANTAGE This method is able to plate non-conductors without using hazardous formaldehyde or hypo-phosphorus acid.	NIEMED WYKKED	NOVELTY Method comprises following three processes, a; the surface of non- conductive material is activated with the agent containing (noble metal/stannous salt) colloidal sol, b; the material is dipped into the electroless deposition solution containing one of formic acid, its salts, and alcohol as reducing agent and catalytic metal ion to give the material electric conductivity, and c; the material is electroless deposited or plated.	catalytic solution containing Pd-Sn sol at 35 °C for 5 minutes, electroless deposited with the solution containing 10g/liter of copper sulfate, 40 g/liter of tartaric acid, 60 g/liter of lithium hydroxide, and 1 g/liter of ethylene glycol for 7 minutes, and plated. (11pp032DwgNo.0/0)
ADVANTAGE This method is able to plate non-conductors without using hazardous formaldehyde or hypo-phosphorus acid.	47:TO:	USE Used for plating non-conductors.	
	- Jøde Ma Iay 19 11	ADVANTAGE This method is able to plate non-conductors without using hazardous formaldehyde or hypo-phosphorus acid.	JP 2000144439-A